Pericardial Tamponade

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Keywords: Pericardial tamponade, shock, penetrating trauma **Procedures:** Pericardiocentesis

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- 1. Recognize when an adult has an immediate life-threatening condition
- 2. Learn to employ a systematic approach to a critically ill trauma patient
- 3. Create a differential diagnosis for shock in the setting of penetrating trauma
- 4. Identify pericardial tamponade and performance of a pericardiocentesis

CRITICAL ACTIONS

- ✓ IV access x2
- ✓ Supplemental oxygen
- ✓ Telemetry monitoring
- ✓ Patient history
- ✓ Physical exam
- ✓ Ask for crash cart
- 🖌 EKG
- 🗸 CXR
- ✓ Ultrasound (FAST exam)
- ✓ Labs: CBC, coagulation profile, BMP, type and cross, troponin
- ✓ Fluid administration
- ✓ Pericardiocentesis +/- pericardial window
- ✓ Tetanus vaccine
- ✓ Reassessment of vitals
- ✓ Consults called
- ✓ Closed-loop communication
- ✓ Summarize case to team and/or consultant

CASE ONE-LINER

24-year-old male presents with a stab wound to the left 3rd intercostal space at the midclavicular line

PRESENTATION

LOLINIANON	
SETTING	Hospital ED
ADDITIONAL ROLES	Sim operator, sim RN, debrief manager
	CONSULTANTS: Trauma, Cardiothoracic Surgery
PATIENT	24yo male
CHIEF COMPLAINT	Stab wound to the L 3rd intercostal space at the midclavicular line
Hx of PRESENTING ILLNESS	A 24-year old male presents to the ED after suffering a stab wound to the left chest 20 minutes prior in a knife fight outside of the local grocery store. He is experiencing diffuse chest pain, left shoulder pain, and nausea. He denies any dyspnea, abdominal pain, or dizziness. He does not remember the date of his last tetanus shot.
ROS	(+) trauma to L. chest, non-radiating diffuse chest pain, left shoulder pain, shortness of breath, and nausea (-) Loss of consciousness, dyspnea, abdominal pain, dizziness, numbness, tingling
PMH/PSH	None
MEDICATIONS	None
ALLERGIES	None
SOCIAL Hx	Marijuana use

INITIAL VITAL SIGNS					
HR	BP	RR	PULSE OXIMETRY	TEMP	WEIGHT
127	100/60	17	100% on room air	98.9F	80 kg

Items in red	GENERAL: AAOx3, significant distress and agitation
need to be	HEENT: PERRL, no hemotympanum, tongue midline, atraumatic
verbalized	NECK: +JVD, no crepitus
	CV: Tachycardic, muffled heart sounds, PMI difficult to assess. Penetrating wound at L
	3rd ICS at mid-clavicular line with frank bleeding. No other deformities or penetrating
	wounds
	PULM: CTAB in all fields
	ABD: Non-tender, non-distended abdomen. +BS. No rebound/guarding
	EXT: 2+ pulses throughout, strength 5/5 and equal throughout
	NEURO: 2+ reflexes throughout, sensation grossly normal
	SKIN: 2 cm abrasion to R flank, no other penetrating injuries. Cool/clammy skin

PHASE 1: INITIAL PRESENTATION					
TIME	CLINICAL PROMPT	EXPECTED MANAGEMENT	CONSEQUENCES	CRITICAL ACTIONS	
00:00- 03:00	24yo male presents w/ stab wound to L chest	 Order full set of vital signs, cardiac monitor, continuous oxygen saturation monitoring Order 2 large bore IVs Begin assessment of ABCs 	 RN prompts, "Do you want vitals/patient on the monitor/ IV access?" if not requested 	Obtained a complete set of vital signs? I P N Obtained a focused history? I P N Performed focused physical exam? I P N Ordered 2-large bore IVs? I P N Recognized abnormal VS? I P N	

TIME CLINICAL PROMPT	EXPECTED MANAGEMENT	CONSEQUENCES	CRITICAL ACTIONS
3:01- 6:00 Patient still in severe pain, thrashing on bed. Becoming more agitated/diaphoretic Repeat Vital Signs BP: 84/52 HR: 152 RR: 24 T: 98.8F O2 sat: 98% on RA	 Order STAT labs Order STAT EKG Order STAT CXR Perform FAST US and rule out tension pneumo, but identify pericardial tamponade Order IV fluid resuscitation Prepare for pericardiocentesis 	 RN prompts, "Do you want any imaging/labs?" if not requested RN prompts, "What do you want to do about his low BP?" if no action RN prompts, "Do you want me to call anyone for help?" if no consults called 	Ordered STAT labs? I P N Ordered STAT CXR? I P N Ordered STAT EKG? I P N Conducted FAST? I P N Ordered IV fluids? I P N Prepared for pericardiocentesis? I P N

TIME	CLINICAL	EXPECTED	CONSEQUENCES	CRITICAL ACTIONS
	PROMPT	MANAGEMENT		
6:01- 10:00	AFTER appropriate intervention (ie, pericardiocentesis), pt begins to calm, BP improves	 Order blood products Call consultant for definitive management and admission Complete secondary exam and trauma imaging (eg, CT chest/abd/pelvis) 	• After pericardiocentesis, RN to prompt, "Who is admitting this patient?" if no service identified	Ordered blood products? I P N Called consultant? I P N Succinct and direct handoff to specialist? I P N Interpreted FAST accurately? I P N Performed pericardiocentesis correctly? I P N Updated patient at any point? I P N

PHASE 4: CONCLUSION & DEBRIEFING

TIME	ACTIONS
10:00-	Debrief
20:00	Q&A Session/Teaching
	Evaluations

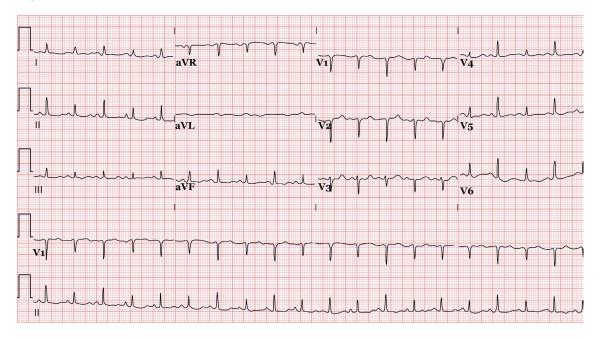
DEBRIEFING POINTS			
GENERAL POINTS	SCENARIO-SPECIFIC POINTS		
What went well?	Fluid choices in the setting of penetrating trauma		
What are some opportunities for improvement?	Differential diagnosis of shock in penetrating trauma		
 Did you identify any gaps in knowledge? 	Diagnostic adjuncts		
 Was there any delay in treatment? 	How to perform a pericardiocentesis		
 How was communication between team 	For advanced learners, consider exploration of ED thoracotomy		
members?			

SCENARIO STIMULI

Complete Blood Count		Coagulation Profile	
WBC	10.0 (Normal 5.0 - 14.5 x 10³/mL)	PT	12 (Normal 11-13.5 seconds)
Hemoglobin	13.5 (Normal 11.5-15.5 gm/dL)	PTT	25 (Normal 25-35 seconds)
НСТ	39.5 (Normal 35%-45%)	INR	1.0 (Normal 0.8-1.1)
Platelets	240 (Normal 150-450 x 10³/mL)		
MCV	84 (Normal 76-90 fL/red)		
Basic Metabolic Panel		Additional Tests	
Sodium	136 (Normal 136-145 mEQ/L)	Troponin I	< 0.02 (Normal < 0.08 ng/mL)
Potassium	4.0 (Normal 3.5-5.5 mEQ/L)	Type/Cross	Type B Positive
Chloride	105 (Normal 95-105 mEQ/L)		
CO ₂	23 (Normal 17-29 mEQ/L)		
BUN	14 (Normal 5-20 mg/dL)		
Creatinine	0.9 (Normal 0.5-1.1 mg/dL)		
Glucose	95 (Normal 70-110 mg/dL)		

IMAGING

Representative EKG



Representative CXR

Representative POCUS



